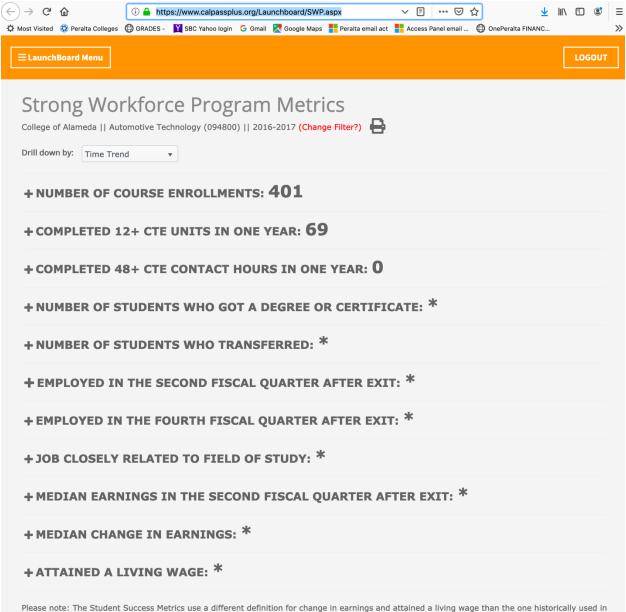
## website: https://www.calpassplus.org/Launchboard/SWP.aspx

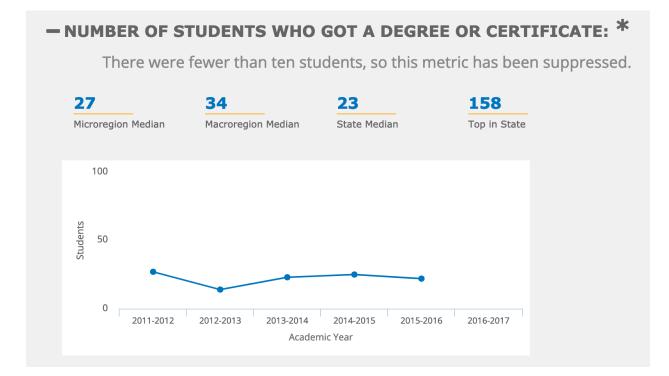


Please note: The Student Success Metrics use a different definition for change in earnings and attained a living wage than the one historically used in the LaunchBoard. The LaunchBoard will be updated in 2019 to use the Student Success Metrics definition.

• To calculate change in earnings, the Student Success Metrics compares earnings two fiscal quarters before the academic year of entry (January-March) and two fiscal quarters after the academic year of exit (October-December), rather than annualized earnings one year before and after exit.

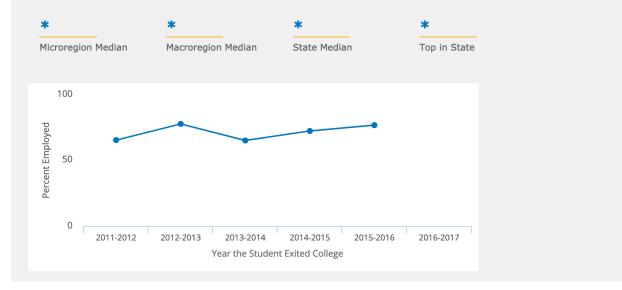
+ Find out more about the data in the Strong Workforce Program Metrics

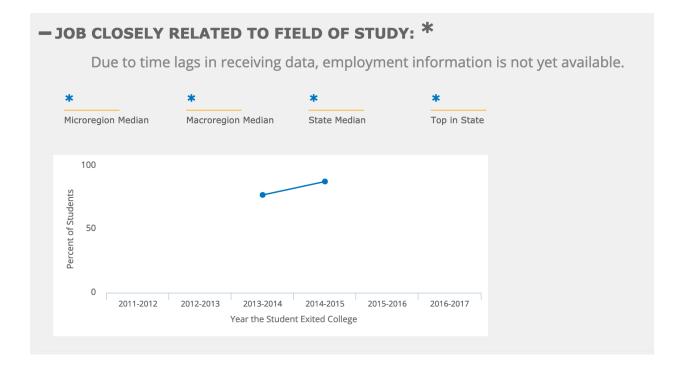
<sup>To calculate annual earnings, SCFF and the Student Success Metrics multiply earnings in the second fiscal quarter after the academic year of exit (October-December) by four, rather than summing earnings in each of the four fiscal quarters after the academic year of exit (July-June).
To calculate living wages, SCFF and the Student Success Metrics focus on the county in which the district is located, rather than the microregion where the college is located. In addition, annual earnings are calculated in the manner outlined above.</sup> 



## - EMPLOYED IN THE SECOND FISCAL QUARTER AFTER EXIT: \*

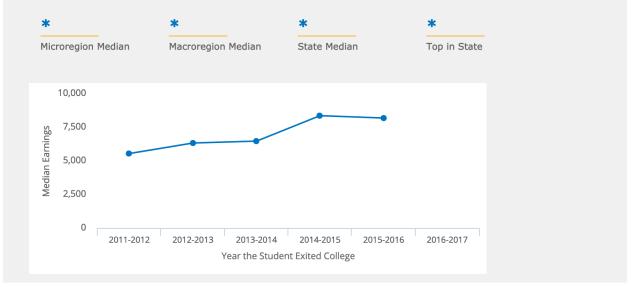
Due to time lags in receiving data, employment information is not yet available.

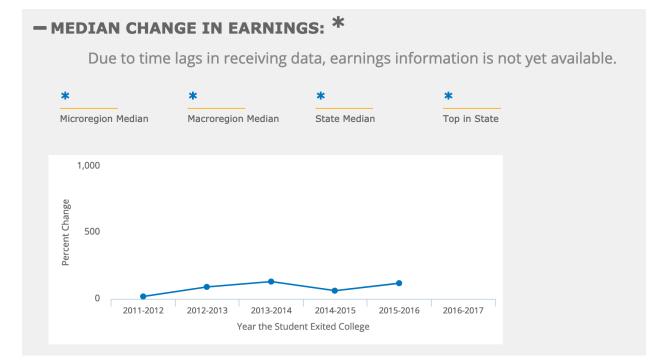




## – MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE SECOND FISCAL QUARTER AFTER EXIT: $oldsymbol{*}$

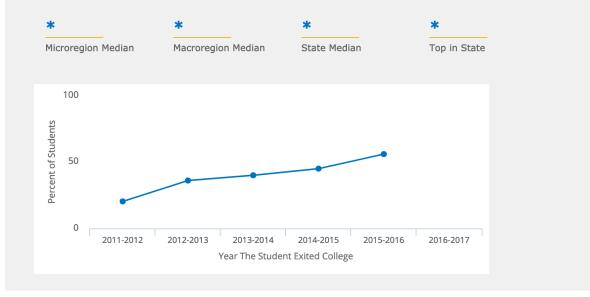
Due to time lags in receiving data, earnings information is not yet available.





## -ATTAINED A LIVING WAGE: \*

Due to time lags in receiving data, earnings information is not yet available.



Please note: The Student Success Metrics use a different definition for change in earnings and attained a living wage than the one historically used in the LaunchBoard. The LaunchBoard will be updated in 2019 to use the Student Success Metrics definition.

• To calculate annual earnings, SCFF and the Student Success Metrics multiply earnings in the second fiscal quarter after the academic year of exit (October-December) by four, rather than summing earnings in each of the four fiscal quarters after the academic year of exit (July-June).

• To calculate living wages, SCFF and the Student Success Metrics focus on the county in which the district is located, rather than the microregion where the college is located. In addition, annual earnings are calculated in the manner outlined above.

• To calculate change in earnings, the Student Success Metrics compares earnings two fiscal quarters before the academic year of entry (January-March) and two fiscal quarters after the academic year of exit (October-December), rather than annualized earnings one year before and after exit.